

## **Chase County**

## Estimated Economic Impact of Agriculture, Food, and Food Processing Sectors 10/3/14

12 agriculture, food, and food processing sectors were analyzed to determine their overall contribution to the Chase County economy. 1

These 12 sectors have a total direct output of approximately \$86 million and support 276.8 jobs in Chase County. Running the model for all 12 sectors simultaneously produces the following results:

Agriculture Contribution in Chase Co									
Impact Type <sup>2</sup>	Employment	%	Total Value	% of Gross	Output <sup>5</sup>	% of Gross			
		Employment	Added <sup>3</sup>	Regional		Regional			
				Product <sup>4</sup>		Product			
Direct Effect	276.8	8%	21,338,686.8	11%	86,394,246.4	43%			
Indirect									
Effect	26.9	1%	2,541,571.4	1%	4,054,652.8	2%			
Induced									
Effect	41.8	1%	2,300,776.5	1%	3,632,247.2	2%			
Total Effect	345.5	10%	26,181,034.7	13%	94,081,146.4	47%			

As shown in the above table, agriculture, food, and food processing supports 345.5 jobs, or 10% of the entire workforce in the county. These industries provide a total economic contribution of approximately \$94 million, roughly 47% of Gross Region Product (GRP). As noted below in the calculation of Gross Regional Product, imports and institutional sales are subtracted. Therefore, counties that import a relatively large amount of goods and services will have a reduced GRP which may lead to agricultural output being greater than GRP.

Another metric used to calculate the importance of sectors in an economy is their value added as a percentage of GRP. Total value added by the 12 agriculture, food, and food processing sectors is approximately \$26 million, or 13% of the GRP. This indicates that personal income, business income, and taxes generated by these sectors account for 13% of the total economy.

<sup>1</sup> Article on building a contribution analysis in IMPLAN that avoids double counting: <a href="http://www.implan.com/index.php?option=com">http://www.implan.com/index.php?option=com</a> content&view=article&id=660%3A660&catid=253%3AKB33&Itemid=70

<sup>2</sup> Direct, indirect, and induced effects sum together to estimate the total economic contribution in the state. **Direct effects** capture the contribution from agricultural and food products. **Indirect effects** capture the economic benefit from farms and agricultural businesses purchasing inputs from supporting industries within the state. **Induced effects** capture the benefits created when employees of farms, agricultural businesses, and the supporting industries spend their wages on goods and services within the state.

<sup>3</sup> Value added = labor income + indirect business taxes + other property type income.

<sup>4</sup> GRP = final demand of households + governments expenditures + capital + exports - imports - institutional sales.

<sup>5</sup> Output = intermediate inputs + value added.

The following tables document the overall summary numbers of the model, top industries affected by employment and output, and a listing of all industries that were analyzed.

In the top ten by employment, Cattle ranching and farming is the top employer in the agriculture industry with 146.4 employees. This table also shows the amount of jobs that are created by the agriculture industry in Chase County.

Description	Total Employment	Total Output
Cattle ranching and farming	146.4	57,015,601.6
Animal production, except cattle and poultry and eggs	38.7	4,882,050.3
Grain farming	26.0	3,758,132.9
Bread and bakery product manufacturing	22.5	4,441,578.3
Oilseed farming	15.1	6,043,537.6
Support activities for agriculture and forestry	12.1	18,996.0
Real estate establishments	8.4	1,109,913.2
Dairy cattle and milk production	7.1	3,554,596.8
Food services and drinking places	7.0	412,701.3
Private household operations	5.3	2,324.7

The Cattle ranching and farming industry directly contributes approximately \$57 million to Chase County's economy. This table also shows how much revenue is generated in other industries by having a strong agriculture industry.

Description	Total Employment	Total Output
Cattle ranching and farming	146.4	57,015,601.6
Oilseed farming	15.1	6,043,537.6
Animal production, except cattle and poultry and eggs	38.7	4,882,050.3
Bread and bakery product manufacturing	22.5	4,441,578.3
All other crop farming	4.5	4,040,129.5
Grain farming	26.0	3,758,132.9
Dairy cattle and milk production	7.1	3,554,596.8
Farm machinery and equipment manufacturing	4.1	2,171,687.2
Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	3.6	1,173,970.6
Real estate establishments	8.4	1,109,913.2

Below is a summary of all agriculture data with employment levels and output level. These values can tell how many jobs are represented by each agriculture sector and the output they contributed to Chase County's economy.

Description	Employment	Output
Oilseed farming	15.10	5,962,973.59
Grain farming	25.99	3,708,034.75
Vegetable and melon farming	0.15	205,641.24
Tree nut farming	0.12	74,527.26
Greenhouse, nursery, and floriculture production	0.16	181,529.83
All other crop farming	4.45	3,986,272.10
Cattle ranching and farming	146.37	56,254,093.17
Dairy cattle and milk production	7.06	3,507,121.09
Animal production, except cattle and poultry and eggs	38.74	4,816,844.94
Support activities for agriculture and forestry	12.15	18,227.85
Bread and bakery product manufacturing	22.46	4,286,950.59
Farm machinery and equipment manufacturing	4.07	2,088,648.08

All 105 counties in Kansas have Implan models and agriculture contribution summary. These values do not factor in the retail environment of food sales. Food retail is important, but in order to provide the most accurate picture of what production agricultural and processing contributes to Kansas, the retail sector was omitted.